### Basi molecolari delle amiloidosi

ΡV

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NMR Udine (Esposito et al.)

AFM Genova (Relini et al)

Cristallografia Milano (Bolognesi et al)

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UK amyloid disease Referral centre MB Pepys

VIB (camelide mAb) Lode Wyns

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(Regione Lombardia?!)

Table 1. Amyloid Proteins and Their Precursors.*					
Amyloid Protein	Precursor	Distribution	Туре	Syndrome or Involved Tissues	
Αβ	Aβ protein precursor	Localized Localized	Acquired Hereditary	Sporadic Alzheimer's disease, aging Prototypical hereditary cerebral amyloid angiopa- thy, Dutch type	
A Pr P	Prion protein	Localized Localized	Acquired Hereditary	Sporadic (iatrogenic) CJD, new variant CJD (alimentary?) Familial CJD, GSSD, FFI	
ABri	ABri protein precursor	Localized or systemic?	Hereditary	British familial dementia	
ACys	Cystatin C	Systemic	Hereditary	Icelandic hereditary cerebral amyloid angiopathy	
Αβ2Μ	Beta <sub>2</sub> -microglobulin	Systemic	Acquired	Chronic hemodialysis	
AL	Immunoglobulin light chain	Systemic or localized	Acquired	Primary amyloidosis, myeloma-associated	
AA	Serum amyloid A	Systemic	Acquired	Secondary amyloidosis, reactive to chronic infec- tion or inflammation including hereditary peri- odic fever (FMF, TRAPS, HIDS, FCU, and MWS)	
ATTR	Transthyretin	Systemic Systemic	Hereditary Acquired	Prototypical FAP Senile heart, vessels	
AApoAl	Apolipoprotein A-I	Systemic	Hereditary	Liver, kidney, heart	
AApoAII	Apolipoprotein A-II	Systemic	Hereditary	Kidney, heart	
AGel	Gelsolin	Systemic	Hereditary	Finnish hereditary amyloidosis	
ALys	Lysozyme	Systemic	Hereditary	Kidney, liver, spleen	
AFib	Fibrinogen Aa chain	Systemic	Hereditary	Kidney	





#### $\beta$ 2-m and dialysis related amyloidosis

#### Cell membranes



#### Plasma



#### Amyloid deposits





6B







AFM of natural amyloid fibrils extracted from an amyloid deposit



Relini et al. JBC 2006



Spot number	
1-6	full length
7-9	ΔN6 β2-m
10-12	Lys 58 cleaved species
	(Corlin et al Clin Chem 2005)

Giorgetti et al Protein Science 2007



1	Naiki, et al 1997. <i>Amyloid</i> 4: 223–232 *	Na Citrate 50mM pH 2.5-4	β2-m 100 μM + seeds	37 deg
2	McParland et al 2000. <i>Biochemistry</i> 39: 8735–8746 *	Na citrate 50 mM pH 2.5 100 mM NaCl	β2-m 100 μM No seeds	"
3	Esposito et al <i>Protein</i> <i>Science</i> 2000, °	Na Citrate Na citrate 50 mM pH 6.5	β2-m N-terminal truncated 100 μM +seeds	"
4	Chiti et al <i>J Biol Chem.2001</i> °	Na Citrate Na citrate 50 mM pH 7.3	Refolding intermediate 100 μM + seeds	"
5	Yamamoto al, 2004, J <i>Am</i> Soc Nephrol, °	Na Phosphate 50 mM 100 mM NaCI pH 7.4 20%TFE	β2-m 100 μM +seeds heparin	"
6	Yamamoto al, <i>Biochemistry</i> 2004 43, 11075-11082 Kihara et al,2005,JBC,280:120 2-8 °	Na Phosphate 50 mM 100 mM NaCl pH 7.4 0.5% SDS	β2-m 25 μM +seeds	"
7	Myers et al Biochemistry 2006 °	Na acetate-Phosphate  pH 7 conditioned seed by Heparin 60μg/ mg apoE 14 μg/mg	β2-m 45 μM / ΔN6 truncated + seeds (Collagen type II)	"
8	Jahn Thomas. Nat Struct Biol °	Buffer A pH 7	β2-m refold. intermediate + seeds	"
9	Borysik AJ et al ° Kidn. Int 2007	PBS Buffer pH 7.4	∆N6 beta 2m + GAGs	
10	Relini et al JBC 2006 °	Phosphate buffer pH 6.4	Collagen type I	37-40°c



Kinetics and thermodynamics of  $\beta$ 2-m isoform interaction with collagen type I determined by surface plasmon resonance measurements

Ligand	pH	$k_{\rm on}  (\mathrm{M}^{-1}  \mathrm{sec}^{-1})$	$k_{\rm off}({ m sec}^{-1})$	$K_{d}\left(\mathrm{M} ight)$
β <sub>2</sub> -m	7.4 6.3 <b>x</b>	: 10 <sup>2</sup>	$2.6 \times 10^{-1}$	$4.1 \times 10^{-4}$
$\beta_2$ -m	6.4 4.1 <b>x</b>	$(10^2)$	$9.0 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.2 \times 10^{-4}$
$\beta_2$ -m I <sub>2</sub> , <i>T</i> = 30"	7.4 3.4 <b>x</b>	: 10	$2.6 \times 10^{-1}$	$7.6 \times 10^{-3}$
$\beta_2$ -m I <sub>2</sub> , <i>T</i> = 600"	7.4 2.8 <b>x</b>	: 10	$2.3 \times 10^{-1}$	$4.3 \times 10^{-3}$
β <sub>2</sub> -m I <sub>2</sub> , <i>T</i> = 1200"	7.4 6.6 <b>x</b>	$(10^2)$	$2.4 \times 10^{-1}$	4.4 <b>x</b> 10 <sup>-4</sup>
$R3A\beta_2m$	7.4 2.1 <b>x</b>	$(10^2)$	$1.4 \times 10^{-1}$	6.7 <b>x</b> 10 <sup>-4</sup>
$H31Y\beta_2m$	7.4 3.0 <b>x</b>	(10 <sup>2</sup>	$1.4 \times 10^{-1}$	$6.8 \times 10^{-4}$
$\Delta N6\beta_2 m$	7.4 1.4 <b>x</b>	$(10^3)$	$4.7 \times 10^{-2}$	3.4 <b>x</b> 10 <sup>-5</sup>
$\Delta N6\beta_2 m$	6.4 1.0 <b>x</b>	$(10^3)$	$5.0 \times 10^{-3}$	4.9 <b>x</b> 10 <sup>-6</sup>

#### Giorgetti et al Protein Science 2005

#### Incubation of 50 $\mu$ M $\beta$ 2-m at 37-40°C pH 6.4 with fibrillar collagen type I

Height data 4 days after 20nm filtration



Amplitude data 4 days after 20nm filtration

Amplitude data 2 days after 200nm filtration

Height data 2 days after 200nm filtration

Relini et al JBC 2006

A potent promoter of fibrillogenesis on collagen is also heparin

 $\beta_2$ -m 0.1 mg/ml, heparin 3  $\mu$ g/ml, t of amyloid fibrils observation= 24 ore



 $\beta$ 2-m in solution in the presence of heparin after filtartion 20 nm





Relini et al 2007 submitted

Limited proteolysis

Proteasis (Asp N/ trypsin)



MS analysis and

#### Limited proteolysis



Esposito et al. Protein Sci. 2000 May;9(5):831-45

Myers et al Biochemistry. 2006 Feb 21;45(7):2311-21.

Borysik AJ et al ° Kidney Int. 2007 Jul;72(2):174-81

An hypothetical model for the tissue specific localisation of  $\beta$ 2-m amyloid fibrils



#### interactors of the amyloidogenic proteins





Lode Wyns

Mireille Dumoulin

#### http://www.vib.be/VIB/EN/





#### Nanobodies

	ml tot	Mg tot
Nb_20a (=Nb_b2m1a)	5ml	6,665mg
EP502 1,333mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_20b (=Nb_b2m1b)	5ml	5,085mg
EP503 1,017mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_21(=Nb_b2m4)	6,5ml	4,888mg
EP539 0,752mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_22a (=Nb_b2m2a)	4ml	4,612mg
EP505 1,153mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_24 (=Nb_b2m3)	5ml	9,945mg
EP506 1,989mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_25 (=Nb_b2m5)	4ml	7,664mg
EP668 1,916mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_29a (Δb2m)	10ml	4,41mg
CA94 0,441mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_29c ( $\Delta b2m$ )	13,5ml	5,8995mg
CA69 0,437mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		
Nb_31 (Δb2m)	9,5ml	3,9615mg
CA7069 0,417mg/ml		
VUB-ULTR		
07/03/07		

#### Use of chemical cross linkers





st b2mst b2mcrlink

## oligomers









Corazza et al. JBC 2004

Fogolari et al Biophys J 2007

Kihara et al JBC 2006













Chiti et al. JMB 2001



Effect of Trp replacement of  $\beta\text{2-m}$  folding kinetics

Effect of Trp replacement of  $\beta$ 2-m folding kinetics



80

60

40

20

0

-20

-40

-60

-80

(b) (deg cm<sup>2</sup>dmol<sup>1</sup>)

Near UV CD

#### NMR: <sup>15</sup>N relaxation measurements



![](_page_28_Picture_0.jpeg)

X-ray:W60G

![](_page_28_Picture_2.jpeg)

X-ray: wt+HLA PDB 2BSS

![](_page_28_Figure_4.jpeg)

Trinh CH et al Crystal structure of monomeric human  $\beta$ -2-microglobulin reveals clues to its amyloidogenic properties Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2002 PDB 1LDS

![](_page_28_Picture_6.jpeg)

D53 HLA R35

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_1.jpeg)

PDB 2BSS

![](_page_32_Picture_0.jpeg)

ApoA-I Variant	Fragments	ref
Gly26Arg	1-83	BBA 156:762-768, 1998
Leu60A r g	1-88, 1-92, 1-93	, 1-94 PNAS 89 :7389-7393, 1992
Trp50A r g	1-86, 1-92, 1-93	QJ Med 88 :695-702, 1995
Glu70Phe71Trp72 Deletion	ND	Kidney Int 53:276-281, 1998
Leu90Pro	1-88, 1-94	Am J Pathol 154:221-227
Arg173Pro	1-90 to 1-100	BBRC 257:584-588, 1999
60-71 Deletion/ ValThr	1-83,1-92	J Clin Invest 97:2714-2721, 1996
Insertion		
Leu174Ser	1-93	Am J Pathol 155: 695-702, 1999
Leu178His	NA	BBRC 242 :534-539, 1998
Leu75Pro	≈ 1-96	Amyloid 10:215-223, 2003
		Gastroenterology. 126:1416-1422, 2004
Ala175Pro	ND	New Engl J Med 346:1786-91, 2002
Leu64Pro	≈ 1-96	Am J Kidney Dis. 44:1103-9, 2004

![](_page_34_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_1.jpeg)

## PDB 1AV1

2A01

![](_page_35_Figure_0.jpeg)

1 DEPPQSPWDRVKDLATVYVDVLKDSGRDYVSQFEGSALGKQLNLKLLDNWDSVTSTFSKLREQLGPVTQEFWDNLEKETEGLRQEMSKDLEEV

	length (a.a)	mass (Da)	pl	net charge	mean net charge	mean hydrophobicity
ApoA-I (1-93)	93	10720	4.3	-9	(R) 0.097	(H) 0.412
ApoA-I (full length)	243	28078	5.27	-9	0.037	0.409

## (a) Apolipoprotein A-I (apoA-I)

<sup>1</sup><u>DEPPQSPWDRVKDLATVYVDVLKDSGRDYVSQFEGSALGKQLNLKLLDNWD</u> <u>SVTSTFSKLREQLGPVTQEFWDNLEKETEGLRQEMSKDLEEV</u>KAKVQPYLDD FQKKWQEEMELYRQKVEPLRAELQEGARQKLHELQEKLSPLGEEMRDRAR AHVDALRTHLAPYSDELRQRLAARLEALKENGGARLAEYHAKATEHLSTLSE KAKPALEDLRQGLLPVLESFKVSFLSALEEYTKKLNTQ<sup>243</sup>

![](_page_36_Figure_2.jpeg)

1

2

2

Λ

5

6

## a: Coomassie stainingb: Western blotting

- 1. [1-93]apoA-I from ex vivo fibrils
- 2. wt apoA-I
- 3. soluble fraction of bacterial cells transformed with pGEX-4T-3/[1-93]apoA-I
- 4. GST- containing proteins selected by GSHagarose affinity chromatography
- 5. products of trombin digestion
- 6. recombinant [1-93]apoA-I isolated by HPLC

![](_page_38_Figure_0.jpeg)

Z aggregation propensity

PH 4WT0,184Gly26Arg0,016Trp50Arg-0,063Leu60Arg-0,023Leu64Pro0,049Leu75Pro0,049

pH 4 pH 7 0,185358 -1,093692 0,016048 -1,10802 -0,063729 -1,19181 -0,027002 -1,153235 0,049564 -1,236317 0,049564 -1,236317

According to the algoritms for the prediction of aggregation propensity the amyloidogenic mutations in the 1-93 polypeptide do not favour the aggregation Dobdon and Pawlor pesornal comm.

Secondary structure transition induced by a pH jump

![](_page_40_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Effect of TFE (2, 2, 2- trifluoroethanol) on the ApoA-I (1-93) secondary structure

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

The transition is reversible in the early phase

![](_page_43_Figure_0.jpeg)

Stopped fluorescence for monitoring the first phase of the pH mediated structure transition

![](_page_44_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Far-UV CD of 1-93 Apolipoprotein AI variants

![](_page_45_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### pH induced Aggregation of 1-93 Apolipoprotein AI variants

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

No massive fibrillar conversion in this time scale

- 1. Identificazione della proteasi....
- 2. Descrizione delle condizioni compatibili con l'attività della proteasi....
- 3. Correlazione algoritmi-esperimenti di fibrillogenesi.....
- 4. QC di apo mutate.....

![](_page_48_Picture_0.jpeg)

The discovery that amyloidogenic mutations destabilises the globular proteins has generated the medical approach of "ligand mediated stabilisation" (Maria Saraiva & Jeff Kelly)

Pavia is involved in designing new molecules through the collaboration with Mark Pepys lab.in London

![](_page_49_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Figure_4.jpeg)

*Transizione da struttura globulare a fibrillare* 

![](_page_50_Picture_1.jpeg)

4ajm15 is the strongest stabiliser of the TTR tetramer so far described (Carol Robinson personal communication)- Olo-TTR does not make fibrils or oligomers

UCL Business spin-out Pentraxin Therapeutics awarded grant from the Wellcome Trust Seeding Drug Discovery Initiative Fine